

Tax E-News

Welcome to our monthly newswire. We hope you find this newsletter informative and please contact us to discuss any matters further.

September 2022

BACK TO SCHOOL – CHILDCARE VOUCHERS OR TAX-FREE CHILDCARE ACCOUNT?

There continues to be poor take-up of the Government's Tax-Free Childcare Accounts which provide a 25% subsidy towards the cost of childcare.

The system operates by topping up savings of up to £8,000 per child by 25%, potentially an extra £2,000 from the Government to spend on qualifying childcare. The scheme applies to children under 12 and the account can be used to pay nursery fees, breakfast clubs, after school clubs and registered childminders. In contrast childcare vouchers may be used to pay for childcare up to age 16. Despite the PAYE and NIC advantages not all employers provided childcare vouchers.



Tax free childcare accounts are available to both employees and the self-employed. To be eligible the parent generally

needs to be working and earning at least the National Minimum Wage or Living Wage for 16 hours a week on average. For a 3 months period they need to earn at least £1,976 and they are not eligible if their adjusted net income is more than £100,000 a year.

INTERACTION WITH CHILDCARE VOUCHER SCHEMES

Tax-free childcare accounts will gradually replace childcare voucher schemes as no new schemes could be set up after 4 October 2018. Those within voucher schemes continue to be eligible until their child is aged 16, provided the employer is willing to continue operating the scheme. Many organisations provided the vouchers by way of salary sacrifice and there were tax and NIC advantages. However, with many employees working from home during the pandemic and the move to hybrid working many families found that they were not using all of their vouchers and chose to leave the scheme.

Note that the two schemes are mutually exclusive, and employers must stop giving their employees childcare vouchers with income tax and NIC relief if the employee informs them that they've started using the Tax-Free Childcare scheme.

The employer may need to stop or change the employee's salary sacrifice arrangement and must also update the

employee's contract and their payroll software.

SELF-EMPLOYED NEED TO PLAN FOR BIG TAX BILLS IN 2023/24

The changes to the basis of assessment of self-employed profits are scheduled to change from 6 April 2024. The new rules mean that profits (and losses) will be assessed based on the amounts arising between 6 April and 5 April instead of the profit/loss of an accounting period ending in the tax year. This means that where the business accounts do not coincide with tax year the profits or losses will need to be apportioned. This is intended to coincide with the start of Making Tax Digital for income tax.

Transitional rules proposed for the previous 2023/24 tax year could result in large tax bills for some sole traders and partners, particularly those with an existing 30 April year end. The profits of year ended 30 April 2022 would be taxed in 2022/23 under the current rules with 2024/25 taxing profits arising between 6 April 2024 and 5 April 2025 under the new rules. But what about 2023/24?

The profits taxed in 2023/24 would be those for year ended 30 April 2023 plus the period 1 May 2023 to 5 April 2024 - in total 23 months profits!

The good news is that there would be a deduction for

“overlap relief” (as much as 11 months) which typically arose when profits were taxed twice at the start of the business - but those will often be much lower than the extra 11 months being taxed in 2023/24.

The transitional provisions provide for the “excess” profits to be spread over the next 5 tax years to smooth out the excessive tax bill.

ADVISORY FUEL RATE FOR COMPANY CARS



The figures in the table below are the HMRC suggested reimbursement rates for employees' private mileage using their company car from 1 September 2022. Remember that provided all private fuel is fully reimbursed the fuel benefit does not apply.

Engine Size	Petrol	Diesel	LPG
1400cc or less	15p (14p)		9p
1600cc or less		14p (13p)	
1401cc to 2000cc	18p (17p)		11p
1601 to 2000cc		17p (16p)	
Over 2000cc	27p (25p)	22p (19p)	17p (16p)

Where the employer does not pay for any fuel for the company car these are the amounts that can be reimbursed in respect of business journeys tax free. Where there has been a change the previous rate is shown in brackets.

Note that for hybrid cars you must use the petrol or diesel rate. You can continue to use the previous rates for up to 1 month from the date the new rates apply.

PROPOSED CHANGES TO CGT ON SEPARATION

In response to a recommendation by the Office of Tax Simplification the Government have introduced draft legislation for inclusion in Finance Bill 2023 that extends the no gain/no loss rule when a couple separate.

Under the current rules the no gain/no loss rule that means that there is no CGT on transfers of assets between spouses or civil partners only applies up to the end of the tax year in which they separate. The divorce settlement or court order that transfers assets between the couple often takes place many months after the separation and may lead to CGT being payable.

The main change proposed is that separating spouses or civil partners will be given up to three years after the year they cease to live together in which to make no gain/no loss transfers. Most divorces would be concluded within this period.

No gain/no loss treatment will also apply to assets transferred as part of a formal divorce agreement.

DIARY OF MAIN TAX EVENTS SEPTEMBER / OCTOBER 2022

Date	What's Due
1 September	Corporation tax for year to 30/11/21 unless pay by quarterly instalments
19 September	PAYE & NIC deductions, and CIS return and tax, for month to 5/9/22 (due 22 September if you pay electronically)
1 October	Corporation tax for year to 31/12/21 unless pay by quarterly instalments
5 October	Deadline for notifying HMRC of chargeability for 2021/22 if not within Self-Assessment and receive income or gains on which tax is due
19 October	PAYE & NIC deductions, and CIS return and tax, for month to 5/10/22 (due 22 October if you pay electronically)

Please contact a member of our team if you would like to discuss any of the issues raised.

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